

Town of St. Paul

"Home of the World's First Flying Saucer Landing Pad"

P.O. Box 1480 ST, PAUL, Alberta TOA 3A0 Phone: (780) 645-4481 Fax: (780) 645-5076

Dec 14-04

Marvin Bornstad # 6251

The St Paul Journal and station were the Radio Interested background regarding Trans Canada Trail - original letter May 25-1995 Sheila Thompson letter dated May 24-1999 The attached information was to SPI, and OK Radio

John Thet

Office of the Mayor Bureau du maire John Trefanenko

Town of St. Paul

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May 25, 1995

Don Scott President Alberta Trailnet Society Edmonton Alberta

Dave Matthewes Vice president Alberta Trailnet Society Calgary Alberta

Dear Sirs:

On behalf of a group of North Eastern Alberta communities I would like to express our views regarding the proposed routes for the Trans Canada Trail. Please consider the following as a preliminary brief as the number of interested communities are planning to provide some research into the matter at hand and we plan to submit a more up to date brief in the future. This group of "Northeastern Alberta Communities" recently met with our Saskatchewan counter parts which you heard from-the Highway 26 Rural Development At this meeting a lot of interest was expressed by Corporation. our North Eastern Communities on the Trans Canada Trail. In order to give you an idea of the northeastern communities that I am talking about inclosed please find a map. Basically, it is the communities between Highway 28 and Highway 16. reviewing the map you will note that Highway 28 comes from Saskatchewan to the communities of Grand Centre, Cold Lake and Bonnyville and ends in Edmonton. Highway 16 which goes through bloydminister and goes through the communities of Vegreville and Vermilion also ends in Edmonton. The group of Communities between Highway 28 and Highway 16 are very interested in the Trans Canada Trail.

realize that the Saskatchewan Highway Rural Development Corporation is lobbying your organization to follow the original We support their proposal and if they are Carlton Trail. successful we would like the proposed Trans Canada Trail continue in to Alberta following as close to the Carlton Trail and of course ending in Edmonton. We understand that the Saskatchewan group is recommending that the trail enter into Alberta somewhere in the Fort Pitt, Frenchmens Butte, Onion Lake area.

At this time we are not pin pointing the trail but we believe that it should be as close as possible to the original trail and of course it would be somewhere in between the two East West Alberta highways, Highway 28 and Highway 16.

The Carlton Trail was part of the first great overland route across North America. As you are aware the original great overland route commenced in St. Paul Minnesota to Portland Oregon and follows a rout from Edmonton to Saskatchewan following fairly close to the North Saskatchewan River.

The Route that is proposed by the Saskatchewan Group and also our group of North Eastern Alberta Communities definitely has the weight of history behind it. Its history has historical signifiance weight of the Northwest Rebellion and that it passes by Fort in terms of the Northwest Rebellion and that it passes by Fort Carlton which burnt down in 1885 and has since been rebuilt. It Carlton which burnt down in Saskatchewan, where the Mounted goes through the Battlefords in Saskatchewan, where the Mounted Police in their fort withstood the siege 1885. It also passes by Police in their fort withstood the Frog lake Massacre. This is Frog Lake, Alberta the site of the Frog lake Massacre. This is definitely the route which Capt. William Butler, Canada's first definitely the route which Capt. William Butler, Canada's first Intelligent Agent followed on his way to Fort Edmonton talking to Intelligent Agent followed on his way to Fort Edmonton talking to tribes and determining whether they were being deliberately boisoned by small pox infected blankets. Butler tell of his travels up the trail in the winter of 1871/72 in his book "The Great Lone Land".

The Northeastern part of the Province from the Lloydminster Saskatchewan area between the two highways and on to Edmonton is unequal in its beauty from beginning to its end. Saskatchewan area there are lakes, streams, and broad river tributaries and valleys to enjoy. This entire area is filled with trees, grass, tiger lilies, in the fields and ditches leading from Saskatchewan to Edmonton. The horizon is filled with Aspen, Pine and green rolling hills gorgeous sun sets and sun rises and abundance of wildlife in its natural environment. If the Trans Canada Trail became a reality in this part of the Country the international public using this trail would thoroughly enjoy the tranquillity and beauty of the trail as they set up camp for eventing or the duration of their visit. We would also like to point out that winter would be as wonderful as summer along the trail as people could access cross country skiing and snowmobiling along this trail.

In summary I would like to point out in terms of Historical interest beauty and recreation facility the Trans Canada Route should continue from the Fort Pitt, Saskatchewan area on to Edmonton. This appears the only logical and sensible choice for the continuation of the Trans Canada Trail in Alberta.

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We trust that your trail communities will agree with the North eastern Alberta communities. I understand that your committee will be meeting with the Saskatchewan Highway 26 Rural Development Corporation group in the near future.

The North Eastern Communities including Chamber of Commerce, Municipal Councils, and other interested organizations will be happy to send letters of support.

Looking forward to hearing from you in the near future.

Yours sincerely,

John Treferenko Chairman Northeastern Alberta Communities Trail Net Committee

cc. Northeastern Alberta Communities